A - Formación de have (got) to

• El auxiliar have (got) to va seguido de infinitivo.

Ejemplo: I have to (I've got to) go to the dentist's.

• **Have** se conjuga así:

I have	We have
You have	You have
He / she / it <u>has</u>	They have

<u>Nota</u>: Las preguntas y las negaciones se forman con do. <u>*Ejemplo:*</u> Do you have to go this way? I don't have to listen to your stupid advice.